## Signs of Identity Theft

- Mistakes on financial statements (bank, credit)
- Bills or other statements do not arrive on time
- Bills for products/services you never ordered or received
- Calls from debt collectors about debts that are not yours
- Businesses turn down your checks
- Major changes in credit scores
  with no change in purchase history

# How Identity Thieves Get your Information

- Sifting through garbage to steal bills and documents with personal information
- Transactions on unsecure websites
- Presenting themselves as legitimate business
- Fake offers of jobs, loans or apartments

#### **ADDITIONAL RESOURCES**

Federal Trade Commission ftc.gov/idtheft 1-877-ID-THEFT (438-43338)

Office of Justice Programs http://ojp.gov/programs/identitytheft.htm

> Credit Reporting annualcreditreport.com 1-877-322-8228

**General Information** Vermont Internet Crimes Against Children vtinternetcrimes.org

National White Collar Crime Center nw3c.org

#### FOR PARENTS

Get Safe Online Internet Safety 101 getsafeonline.org internetsafety101.com

Take25 take25.org Enough enough.org

American Academy of Pediatrics safetynet.aap.org

National Crime Prevention Council ncpc.org

> FOR KIDS Netsmartz Netsmartz.org

PBS Kids pbskids.org/webonauts

> NSTeens nsteens.org

Please also visit bpdvt.org for more information.

# CYBER SAFETY & IDENTITY THEFT

#### **Burlington Police Department**



#### **Burlington Police Department**

1 North Avenue Burlington, VT 05401

Telephone: 802.658.2704 Fax: 802.865.7579 Web: www.burlingtonvt.gov/Police

Emergency: 911

### Prevent Identity Theft

- Stay vigilant! Keep close track of all of your transactions, read your credit and bank statements carefully, and look for any surprising transaction.
- Keep track of your credit score. You have a right to a free credit score every 12 months. Several credit card companies also include credit reports on their monthly statements.
- Shred all documents containing personal information before throwing them away.
- Legitimate businesses will not ask for personal information through email, texts, or phone messages.
  - If you think the company is trying to contact you, use the main customer assistance line, not the contacts received through such messages

### Cyber Security Tips

- Use complex passwords that combine letters, numbers, and special characters that cannot be easily guessed (no names of pets or birthdays!)
- If you use your wireless network, make it "invisible" through the wireless network settings.
- Do not shop or bank online using public wireless networks
- If you do shop online be sure that the website is encrypted (encrypted sites begin with "https" at the start of the address instead of "http").
- Do not click on pop-up screens that claim to clean or make your computer go faster.
- Monitor the websites your children visit and be sure to apply parental locks on the computer

# If you suspect identity theft...

- 1. Notify your banks and credit cards of potential compromise.
- 2. You can also set a fraud alert and order credit reports at credit reporting companies like Equifax, Experion, or TransUnion. Review these reports to be sure there are no mistakes.
- 3. Create an Identity Theft Report with the Federal Trade Commission to help remove fraudulent information from your report and stop debt collectors from calling about false debt.

# An Identity Theft Report consists of two parts:

FTC Affidavit (filled out by filing complaint at ftc.gov/complaint or 1-877-438-4338.

Bring FTC affidavit to Police Department to file a report and keep a copy for yourself.