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**BUILDINGS AND BUILDING CONSTRUCTION*
ARTICLE III, ABATEMENT AND REHABILITATION
OF VACANT BUILDINGS AND STRUCTURES AND
DANGEROUS STRUCTURES***

That Chapter 8, Buildings and Building Construction, of the Code of Ordinances of the City of Burlington be and hereby is amended by amending Sections 8-42, 8-43, 8-47, 8-48, 8-49 and 8-50 thereof to read as follows:

Sec. 8-42. Statement of findings and purpose.

(a) Being that there exist in the City of Burlington structures or buildings that have become dangerous or unsafe and numerous other structures that are vacant, abandoned, and in disrepair, the Burlington City Council finds and declares that:

- (1) Structures that become dangerous and unsafe must promptly be made safe and secure to protect the public safety.
- (2) Structures that are vacant and not properly secured are dangerous and unsafe in that they are extremely vulnerable to being set on fire by unauthorized persons.
- (3) Many structures that are vacant, whether secured or not, are a blight on their neighborhoods, cause deterioration and instability in their neighborhoods, and have an adverse impact upon adjacent and nearby properties.
- (4) Structures that were previously used as residential units and have since become vacant have a significant and detrimental impact on the local housing market.
- (5) Structures that are vacant and not properly secured attract vagrants and criminals and are prime locations to conduct illegal criminal activities, including arson and drug use.
- (6) Structures that are vacant and unsecured pose serious threats to the public's health and safety and therefore are declared to be public nuisances.
- (7) Immediate abatement and rehabilitation of these structures is necessary to abate such public nuisances, prevent unsightly blight and the deterioration of neighborhoods with the consequent adverse impact on the value of adjacent and nearby properties, secure the public safety and to ensure and enhance the vitality and livability of our neighborhoods.
- (8) Communication between owners of dangerous and vacant buildings and the city is essential for effective allocation of public resources and the maintenance of public health, welfare, and safety in regards to such structures.

the reasonably necessary measures to abate the public impact, and other harmful effects connected with dangerous and and bring back into productive use consistent with the health, safety and welfare of the public through the regulation of the condition of buildings and other structures within the city.

(Ord. of 8-9-99)

Sec. 8-43. Definitions.

The words and phrases used in this section have the following meanings unless their context clearly indicates otherwise:

- (1) *Director* means the director of the enforcement agency or his/her designee.
- (2) ~~*Statement of intent* means a form filled out by the owner of a boarded vacant structure which contains specific information from the property owner regarding the structure and the owner's plans for its rehabilitation and maintenance or removal or demolition.~~
- (3) *Vacant structure* means any structure or building that is unoccupied by a person or occupied by unauthorized persons for ~~ninety (90)~~ 210 days, excepting permitted warehouse or permitted storage structures, garages, vacation or resort facilities or those buildings or structures only used on a seasonal basis, and those structures being newly constructed or under substantial rehabilitation for a period of 1 year from the date that the building permit or zoning permit is issued whichever is later.
- (3) *Dangerous building or structure* means a building or structure or part thereof declared structurally unsafe or hazardous by any duly constituted authority, whether it is occupied, unoccupied, or vacant.
- (4) ~~*A showing that the building is being actively marketed for sale or lease* means evidence of (a) some form of advertising for the sale of the building or structure evidence that the building or structure is being continuously marketed for sale or lease and is publicly available and viewable for sale or lease to prospective buyers or lessees until it is under contract, and (b) the availability of the building or structure to prospective buyers, and (c) the disclosure of a reasonable asking price.~~
- (6) *Substantial rehabilitation* means rehabilitation the value of which exceeds fifty (50) percent of the assessed valuation of the building or structure.
- (7) ~~(5)~~ *Owner* shall mean any and all owners of record or trustees for such owners. The obligations of owners under this article extend to the agents of such owner(s) or other persons interested in the building or structure.

(Ord. of 8-9-99)

Sec. 8-44. Enforcement authority.

As written.

Sec. 8-45. Obligations of owners of dangerous structures and buildings.

As written.

Sec. 8-46. Obligations of owners of vacant or abandoned buildings or structures.

As written.

Sec. 8-47. Vacant building permit; inspection; maintenance standards; fees.

(a) Application by the owner of a vacant building or structure for a vacant building permit shall be made on a form provided by the director. Applicants shall provide a maintenance plan covering the permit period which shall disclose all measures to be taken to ensure that the building or structure will be kept weather-tight and secure from trespassers, safe for entry police officers and firefighters in times of exigent circumstances or emergency, compliant with the obligations set forth in section 8-46 and 8-47 (e) and together with its premises be free from nuisance and in good order in conformance with the vacant building

include a "statement of intent." The statement of intent shall include information as to Applicants shall disclose the expected period of plan for regular maintenance during the vacancy to comply with subsection, and state the a plan and timeline for the lawful lition of the structure.

(b) Vacant buildings shall be inspected at or around the beginning of the permit period to determine that they comply with this article. The owner shall cooperate with and attend the inspection. Upon and at the time of application, the owner of a vacant building or structure shall arrange for an inspection of the premises by the director and the appropriate police and fire officials. The propose of such inspection is determine and ensure the structural integrity of the building, the repairs necessary to ensure its structural integrity, that it will be safe for entry by police officers and firefighters in time of exigent circumstances or emergency, that the building and its contents do not present a hazard to the public during the time that the building remains vacant, and that the building and structure is in compliance with the vacant building maintenance standards. If the director has reason to believe that an emergency situation exists tending to create an immediate danger to the health, welfare, or safety of the general public, no notification or warrant is necessary and the director shall enter and inspect the premises pursuant to section 8-45.

If the owner of the vacant building or structure ~~fails or refuses to consent to~~ does not cooperate with and or attend an inspection, the director shall may seek a search warrant from the Vermont District Court for the purpose of determining compliance with this article. and ensuring the structural integrity of the building, the repairs necessary to ensure its structural integrity, that it will be safe for entry by police officers and firefighters in time of exigent circumstances or emergency, that the building and its contents do not present a hazard to the public during the time that the building remains vacant, and that the building and structure is in compliance with the vacant building maintenance standards.

(c) The director, upon inspection, shall issue any order for work needed to:

(1) Comply with this article and adequately protect the building from intrusion by trespassers and from deterioration by the weather in accordance with the vacant building maintenance standards set forth in this article; and

(2) Ensure that allowing the building to remain will not be detrimental to the public health, safety and welfare, will not unreasonably interfere with the reasonable and lawful use and enjoyment of other premises within the neighborhood, and will not pose an extraordinary hazard to police officers or firefighters entering the premises in times of emergency.

When issuing such orders, the director shall specify the time for completion of the work. The order shall act as an interim vacant building permit, the duration of which shall be for the time set forth in the director's order. No interim permit shall be effective for a period of more than 3 months ninety (90) days. All work done pursuant to this article shall be done in compliance with the applicable building, fire prevention, and zoning codes and ordinances.

(d) The director shall issue a vacant building permit upon being satisfied that the building has been inspected and is in compliance with this article the vacant building maintenance standards set forth in this article, and is adequately protected from intrusion by trespassers and from deterioration by the weather. This permit shall be effective for a period of up to 3 months ninety (90) days.

(e) A vacant building or structure shall be deemed adequately protected from intrusion by trespassers and from deterioration by the weather if it satisfies the following vacant building maintenance standards:

(1) *Building openings:* Doors, windows, areaways and other openings shall be weather-tight and secured against entry by birds, vermin and trespassers. Missing or broken doors, windows and other such openings shall be covered by glass or other rigid transparent materials which are weather protected, and tightly fitted and secured to the opening.

(2) *Roofs:* The roof and flashings shall be sound and tight, not admit moisture or have defects which might admit moisture, rain or roof drainage, and allow for drainage to prevent dampness or deterioration in the interior walls or interior of the building.

system shall be functional and installed in an approved manner,

be maintained in good repair, structurally sound and free from
ll be sanitary. The building shall not pose a threat to the public

(5) *Structural members:* The structural members shall be free of deterioration and capable of safely bearing imposed dead and live loads.

(6) *Foundation walls:* The foundation walls shall be maintained structurally sound and in a sanitary condition so as not to pose a threat to public health and safety, shall be capable of supporting the load which normal use may cause to be placed thereon, and shall be free from open cracks and breaks, free from leaks, and be animal and rat-proof.

(7) *Exterior walls:* The exterior walls shall be free of holes, breaks, and loose or rotting materials. Exposed metal, wood, or other surfaces shall be protected from the elements and against decay, corrosion or rust by periodic application of weather-coating materials, such as paint or similar surface treatment.

(8) *Decorative features:* The cornices, belt courses, corbels, terra cotta trim, wall facings and similar decorative features shall be safe, anchored, and in good repair. Exposed metal, wood, or other surfaces shall be protected from the elements and against decay, corrosion or rust by periodic application of weather-coating materials, such as paint or similar surface treatment.

(9) *Overhanging extensions:* All balconies, canopies, marquees, signs, metal awnings, stairways, fire escapes, standpipes, exhaust ducts and similar features shall be in good repair, anchored, safe and sound. Exposed metal and wood surfaces shall be protected from the elements and against decay, corrosion or rust by periodic application of weather-coating materials, such as paint or similar surface treatment

(10) *Chimneys and towers:* Chimneys, cooling towers, smokestacks, and similar appurtenances shall be structurally safe and in good repair. Exposed metal and wood surfaces shall be protected from the elements and against decay or rust by periodic application of weather-coating materials, such as paint or similar surface treatment.

(11) *Walkways:* Walkways shall be safe for pedestrian travel.

(12) *Accessory and appurtenant structures:* Accessory and appurtenant structures such as garages, sheds, and fences shall be free from safety, health, and fire hazards and shall comply with these vacant building maintenance standards.

(13) *Premises:* The premises upon which the structure or building is located shall be clean, safe, and sanitary, free from waste, rubbish, debris or excessive vegetation, and shall not pose a threat to the public health or safety.

(f) (1) A fee of five hundred dollars (\$500.00) shall be charged for a vacant building permit or ~~interim permit. This five hundred dollar fee shall also be charged upon the renewal of such permits.~~ The fee is to be paid at the time of application or renewal. No permit shall be issued prior to payment of the permit or renewal fee.

(2) This fee shall be waived upon a showing that the building or structure is being actively marketed for sale or lease and maintained pursuant to the requirements of this article and its vacant building permit or renewal thereof; this fee shall be waived. An owner shall be eligible for the waiver of the fee for no more than 8 permit periods, not including any interim permit period that occurs within a permit period. The fee shall be tendered with the request for a waiver and shall be refunded if the waiver is granted. A person who purchases a vacant building shall have this fee waived for the remainder of the permit period and the permit period immediately following. The waiver of the permit fee for the active marketing and maintenance of the building or structure shall be for a period of twelve (12) months from the time the fee first becomes due. This waiver may be extended for an additional year for such buildings if the owner (a) continues to show that the building or structure is being actively marketed for sale and maintained and (b) discloses the details of how the building was actively marketed for sale during the waiver year (i.e., offers, appraisals, or consultants engaged). Upon the expiration of the initial twelve month period or its extension, the fee shall be charged.

is being rehabilitated pursuant to applicable building, fire, and
at least 5% of the assessed valuation of the building or structure on
file, in the prior 3 month period. The fee shall be tendered with
if the waiver is granted, in need of substantial rehabilitation.
comply with the obligations and standards set forth in this article,

no initial vacant building permit fee is required if the owner has: (i) developed and submitted a statement of
intent, scope of work which meets the applicable building and housing standards and the obligations and
standards set forth in this article, and a reasonable schedule for the completion of the work, approved by the
director, and (ii) secured all necessary building and zoning permits. To qualify for a continued exemption
upon renewal, the owner must certify that the improvements set forth in the scope of work are being made
according to the schedule of work or prove to the director that the schedule will be completed within a
reasonable amount of time.

(4) This fee shall be waived if an owner has secured all the duly required state and local permits to
demolish the building or structure, no fee shall be required. The fee shall be tendered with the request for a
waiver and shall be refunded if the waiver is granted. The owner shall demolish the building or structure
within 3 months of securing said permits; this waiver shall be void and the vacant building permit fee shall
be owed if the owner fails to demolish within this time. The time to demolish may be extended upon a
showing of good cause.

(Ord. of 8-9-99)

Sec. 8-48. Appeals and variances.

(a) A party aggrieved by an action of the director shall appeal such action by requesting a hearing to the
board of appeals pursuant to the provisions of section 8-8, excepting appeals of actions taken pursuant to
section 8-45, which shall be taken in accordance with section 8-45(g)-(f).

(b) Any person subject to the provisions of this article may seek a variance from the provisions of this
article before the board of appeals in the same manner that an appeal is taken to the board, and subject to the
same procedures as an appeal.

(c) Where a variance is requested by an applicant, the board of appeals may grant such a variance, and
render a decision in favor of the appellant, if the following are found by the board:

(1) That there are circumstances or conditions that make strict compliance with the provisions of this article
unusually difficult or unduly extensive, or would create an undue hardship:

(2) That such a hardship or condition has not been created by the applicant; and

(3) That the variance requested will represent the minimum relief necessary and will represent the least
deviation possible from the requirements of this article ~~vacant building maintenance standards.~~

(d) In rendering a decision in favor of an applicant, the board of appeals shall attach such conditions to such
variance as it considers necessary and appropriate under the circumstances to implement the purposes of this
article.

(Ord. of 8-9-99)

Sec. 8-49. Enforcement and penalties

(a) Penalty

(1) A person shall be subject to a civil penalty of \$200 with a waiver penalty of \$150 for the following
offenses:

(A) Failure to apply for a vacant building permit or the filing of an incomplete application;

(B) Failure to pay the vacant building fee;

(C) Failure to schedule an inspection or to show up for an inspection for which notice has been given;

(D) Failure to comply with the obligations set forth in § 8-46 (c) and (d); and



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(E) Failure to comply with an order of the enforcement officer in the time required, with each separate deficiency ordered to be corrected being deemed a separate order;

(2) A person who commits the above offenses 3 times within a 12 month period shall be deemed to have committed a criminal offense for the third offense subject to a fine of \$500. Any person found to be in violation of any provision of this article shall be subject to a fine of not less than fifty dollars (\$50.00) and not more than five hundred dollars (\$500.00) and/or imprisonment for not more than thirty (30) days pursuant to section 1-9(a). Each day's failure to comply with an order of the director shall constitute a separate offense.

(3) Prosecution under this section is a remedy cumulative to any and all other remedies at law and equity, and in no way pre-empts, supersedes, or bars prosecution for violation of this article under subsection (b) of this section.

(b) Any violation of this article is also declared to be a public nuisance and subject to removal or abatement upon a finding of violation by the superior court. An abatement action as contemplated by section 8-45 is discretionary and is not a precondition to criminal prosecution under this section, nor is a survey report by the director pursuant to section 8-45 a prerequisite for prosecution under this section.

(c) Any order issued pursuant to this article shall be recorded in the office where the land records are kept, thereby becoming effective against any purchaser, mortgagee, attaching creditor, lienholder or other person whose claim or interest in the property arises subsequent to the recording of the order. Once the violation(s) is certified to be corrected, such orders shall be removed from the record. All fees, costs, or charges assessed pursuant to this article shall be a tax lien upon the real property pursuant to 32 V.S.A. § 5061, so long as the lien is recorded in the office where the land records are kept.

(Ord. of 8-9-99)

~~Sec. 8-50. Implementation.~~

~~The effective date of the requirements under this article shall be ninety (90) days after city council passage of the article as amended. The existing article shall remain in effect until the effective date of the amended article.~~

~~(Ord. of 8-9-99)~~

Secs. 8-51--8-59. Reserved.

* Material stricken out deleted.

** Material underlined added.